

24.221: Problem set #3

Short answer (1 paragraph)

1. Consider the following argument:

- (1) Every man who is unmarried is necessarily a bachelor.
- (2) Smith is unmarried.
- (3) So, Smith is necessarily a bachelor; Smith can never marry.

Diagnose what, if anything, is wrong with the argument. If you don't think anything is wrong with it, say why.

Long answer (multiple paragraphs, please answer thoroughly)

2. Lewis believes there are trans-world individuals, but that ordinary things (like you me, this table, etc.) are not transworld-individuals. Interestingly, Lewis also believes in trans-*temporal* individuals (four-dimensional things, existing at different times by having parts that entirely exist at those times), and that ordinary things *are* trans-temporal individuals.

Explain Lewis's reasons for rejecting the claim that ordinary things are trans-world individuals. Then challenge him on this point. You may either try to undercut his reasons for rejecting this claim or provide your own argument in favor of thinking that ordinary things are trans-world individuals. Then assess the dialectic – do you think Lewis is right about ordinary things? (You may want to think about what Lewis says about persons in 'Survival and Identity' and see if any of that applies in the modal case.)

3. Van Inwagen defends incompatibilism. According to incompatibilism, only actions that have no prior causal determinants are free (therefore, if determinism is true and thus every event has some prior causal determinant, then no action is free). Consider the following compatibilist counter:

Only actions which are causally determined by the will of the agent performing them in the right sort of way (i.e., not coerced, etc) are free. Therefore, only actions with some prior causal determinants are free.

Evaluate the dialectic between the incompatibilist and the compatibilist on this point. Who, if either, do you think is right? Why?

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